

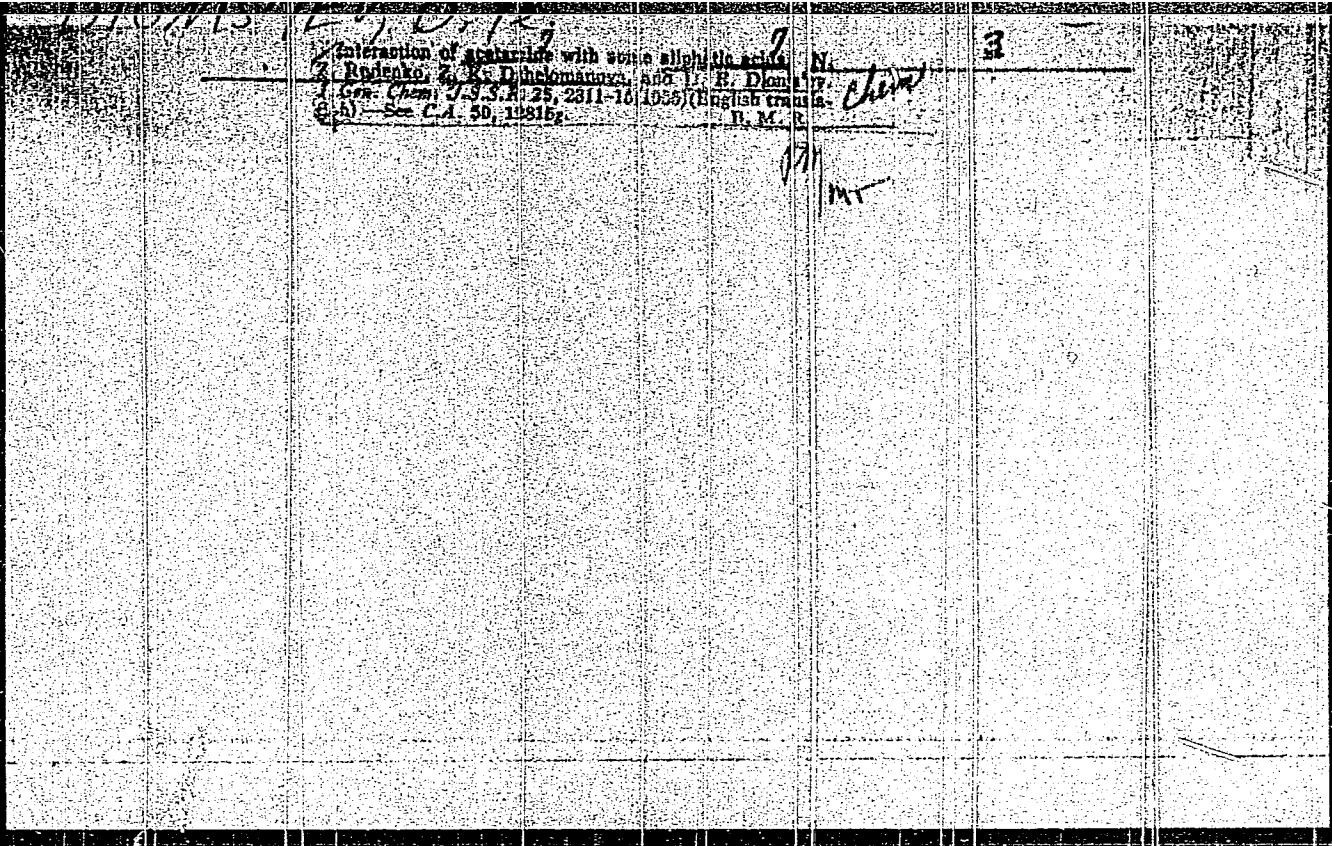
DIONIS'YEV, D.Ye.; KOSAREVA, M.G.

Interaction of ethanolamine with phenol, o-and π -chlorophenol. Zhur.
ob.khim.25 no.6:1179-1182 Je '55. (MLRA 8:12)

1. Rostovskiy Gosudarstvennyy universitet
(Ethanol)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5"

DIONIS'YEV D. Ye.

3/ M.A.40072
2ccp CS

✓ 12378* (Russian.) Interaction of Ethanolamine With Di-
atomic Phenols. O vzaimodeistvii ethanolamina s dvukhato-
mnyimi fenolami. D. E. Dionis'ev and M. G. Kosareva.
Zhurnal Obschcher Khimii, v. 26, no. 4, Apr. 1956, p. 1065-
1070.

Physical and electrical properties of binary systems of eth-
anolamine with pyrocatechol, resorcinol, and hydroquinone.
The latter three isomers form equimolar compounds with
ethanolamine.

DIONIS 'YEV, D. Ye.

USSR/Thermodynamics. Thermochemistry. Equilibria. Physico-Chemical B-8
Analysis. Phase Transitions.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 8, 1957, 26176

Author : Z.K. Dzhelomanova, N.Z. Rudenko, D.B. Dionis 'yev
Title : Study of Interaction of Acetamide with Some Aromatic Acid
by Method of Physico-Chemical Analysis.

Orig Pub : Zh. obshch. khimii, 1956, 26, No 5, 1322-1326

Abstract : The fusibility, viscosity, density and electrical conductivity of the systems of acetamide (I) with benzoic (II), cinnamonic (III), salycilic (IV) and anthranilic (V) acids were studied. A compound of the composition 1 : 1 forms in the system I - II. The composition of the incongruently melting compound in the system I - III is 1 : 2; the eutectic point corresponds to 67 mol.% of I and 56°; the transition point is at 56 mol.% and 70°. The fusibility curve of the system I - V consists of two branches crossing at the eutectic point (68 mol.% of I and 48°). The presence of chemical interaction is assumed on the basis of the curves of electrical conductivity.

Card : 1/1

Castor on Don Stali Univ.

Interaction of acetamide with some aromatic acids as
studied by physicochemical analysis. Z. R. Dzhelomanova,
N. Z. Rudenko, and D. E. Denis'ev. *J. Gen. Chem.*
U.S.S.R. 26, 1493-8(1956)(English translation).—See *C.A.*
50, 1437a. 3
B. M. R.

DIONIS'YEV, D. Ye.

Category: USSR / Physical Chemistry
Thermodynamics. Thermochemistry. Equilibrium. Physico-
chemical analysis. Phase transitions.

B-8

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur-Khimii, No 9, 1957, 29963

Author : Pozharskiy F. T., Dionis'yev D. Ye.

Inst : not given

Title : Investigation of Interaction of Phenyl Hydrazine with Chloro-
phenols by the Method of Physico-Chemical Analysis

Orig Pub: Zh. obshch. khimii, 1956, 26, No 6, 1568-1572

Abstract: As a continuation of investigations previously carried out (RZhKhim, 1954, 28561; 1955, 42589) by fusibility, density, viscosity (η) and specific electric conductivity (α) methods, a study has been made of the systems phenyl hydrazine (I) - o-chlorophenol (II) and I - p-chlorophenol (III). Contrary to expectations there has been ascertained, in the I-II system, the formation of a compound of 1:1 composition, which is stable in solid and liquid phase, having a congruent MP of 43°. Eutectics at 8 and 1° correspond to 87.5 and

Card : 1/2

-83-

Category: USSR / Physical Chemistry
Thermodynamics. Thermochemistry. Equilibrium. Physico-
chemical analysis. Phase transitions.

B-8

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur-Khimika, No 9, 1957, 29963

10 mol.% I. Isotherms of 45, 55 and 65°, of η and α , and temperature coefficients curves show a maximum which confirms the presence of the compound. In the I-II system, the fusibility method has revealed the existence of two compounds of composition 1:1 and 2:1 (two molecules I) of congruent MP 17° and 33°, respectively. Eutectics correspond to 12, 16, and 20 with 93, 55 and 33 mol.% I. Density, η and α were studied at 35, 45 and 55°. Isotherms of η and temperature coefficients curves reflect only the compound of 1:1 composition. Isotherms of α have a maximum, which is retained following correction for η , however, its position (20% I) does not permit to reach a conclusion concerning the composition of the compound. It is reported that compound of composition 2:1 is of low stability and is rapidly decomposed in the air, while in the liquid phase it is, apparently, converted to the compound of 1:1 composition, by losing a molecule of I.

Card : 2/2

-84-

DIONIS'YEV, D.Ye.; MAGAK'YAN, N.V.

Interaction of ethylenediamine with organic acids and acid anhydrides.
Uch.zap. RGU 41:69-81 '58. (MIRA 15:1)
(Ethylenediamine) (Acids, Organic)

AUTHORS: Tsvetkova, N. K., Dionis'yev, D. Ye. (Deceased) 79-28-4-4/60

TITLE: Investigation of Interaction Between Diphenyl Amine and
Organic Acids by Physical-Chemical Analysis Methods
(Issledovaniye vzaimodeystviya difenilamina s or-
ganicheskimi kislotami metodami fiziko-khimicheskogo analiza)

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal Obshchey Khimii, 1958, Vol. 28, Nr 4,
pp. 868-872 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Compared to the amines of the aliphatic series aromatic
amines have weaker basic properties since the presence
of the electric negative benzene nucleus in the molecule
of the aromatic amine reduces its basicity. The basic
properties of the secondary, purely aromatic amines e. g.
in the case of diphenyl amine where the molecule contains
two benzene nuclei, are especially strongly reduced. For
this reason it was of special interest to investigate the
character of the interaction of diphenyl amine and materials
showing acid properties. The authors have recrystallized
3 times diphenyl amine from petroleum naphta and dried it
with warm air in the exsiccator. The pure product had its

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Investigation of Interaction Between Diphenyl Amine
and Organic Acids by Physical-Chemical Analysis Methods

79-28-4-4/60

melting point at 53°C. The investigation of fusibility and the determination of melting temperatures of the pure materials was carried out by means of the visual polythermal method. Density was measured by means of a pycnometer by Ren'o with a small stem and a volume of 4.5 milliliters. Viscosity was determined in the closed viscosimeter by Ostval'd. The electric conductivity was measured by means of the method by Kol'raush in a closed container with smooth platinum electrodes. Measurements of density of viscosity and electric conductivity were carried out in the glycerin thermostat. This made it possible to maintain temperatures within the range of +0.1%. For the preparation of the mixtures the method of the single weighed portions was applied. Computation of the concentration was made in molar percents and viscosity in centi poises. The system diphenyl amine - monochloracetic acid which has not been investigated before was investigated by the authors as to their fusibility (Fig. 1). Equally, the system diphenyl amine - trichloracetic acid was investigated by the authors for the first time and their fusibility, viscosity, density and specific conductivity (Fig. 2) were determined. Diphenyl

Card 2/3

Investigation of Interaction Between Diphenyl Amine
and Organic Acids by Physical-Chemical Analysis' Methods

79-28-4-4/60

amine - p - nitrobenzoic acid was investigated as to its fusibility (Fig. 3). Also diphenyl amine salicylic acid was investigated only as to its fusibility (Fig. 4). The same also holds for diphenyl amine succinic acid (Fig. 5) and diphenyl amine adipic acid (Fig. 6). The diagrams set up for the mentioned system - except for the system with succinic acid - indicate the lacking of chemical interactions between the components. It was found that the presence of 2 benzene rings in the molecule of diphenyl amine strongly reduces its complex-forming ability. There are 6 figures and 14 references, 12 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Rostovskiy-na-Donu gosudarstvennyy universitet (Rostov na Donu State University)

SUBMITTED: March 27, 1957

Card 3/3

AUTHORS: Tsvetkova, N. K., Dionis'yev, D. Ye. 00V/79-20- -59/63
(Deceased)

TITLE: Investigation of the Reaction of Phenyl- β -Naphthylamine
With Organic Acids According to Methods of Physical-
Chemical Analysis (Issledovaniye vzaimodeystviya fenil-
 β -naftilamina s organicheskimi kislotami metodami fiziko-
khimicheskogo analiza)

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1958, Vol. 28, Nr 6, pp.
1702 - 1704 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The introduction of a benzene nucleus into the molecule of the aromatic amine to a great extent decreases its activity towards organic acids. It was of interest to the authors to explain in how far the exchange of a benzene nucleus in the molecule of the secondary amine by a naphthalene nucleus could effect the convertability with organic acids. The reaction of phenyl- β -naphthylamine with organic acids has hitherto not been dealt with. The authors investigated the systems formed of phenyl- β -naphthylamine with salicylic-, succinic- and adipic acid with respect to their fusibility. Phase diagrams were obtained for the mentioned systems which point to the absence of a chemical reaction between the components. The fusibility, viscosity, density and

Card 1/2

Investigation of the Reaction of Phenyl- β -Naphthylamine With Organic Acids According to Methods of Physical-Chemical Analysis

SOV/79-28-6-59/63

electric conductivity of the systems formed of phenyl- β -naphthylamine with trichloracetic acid was investigated. From the phase diagrams of the system the process of conversion of the components in solid and liquid phase can be seen. The substitution of a benzene nucleus in the molecule of the secondary aromatic amine by a naphthalene nucleus does not exert any influence on the character of its conversion with organic acids. There are 4 figures and 2 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Rostovskiy-na-Donu gosudarstvenny universitet
(Rostov-na-Donu State University)

SUBMITTED: March 27, 1957

1. Organic acids--Chemical reactions

Card 2/2

USSR.

Z

Photometric determination of bismuth in the presence of antimony. S. D. Dzub'ev. *Sov. Pat. Sten. Nauch. Resch. Razrab. Gosudarstv. Univ.* 1953, No. 3, 70-87; *Reform. Zhur.*, Edin. 1953, No. II, 904.—The investigation involved the determination of Bi with thiourea in HNO_3 solns. In the presence of Sb with citric acid for complex formation. Colorimetric determinations were carried out in a differential photocalorimeter "Ts-2A" with 2 Si photocells. Blue filters were used in this determination. Four series of solns. were studied, in which the thiourea content was 1%. In the 1st series, $N HNO_3$ was used and the Bi concn. varied from 3 to 25 mg./l. In the 2nd series, the HNO_3 concn. was kept at N and the citric acid concn. varied from 0.5 to 16 g./l. In the 3rd series, the citric acid concn. was kept const. at 10 g./l. and the HNO_3 concn. was varied from 0.5 to N . In the 4th series, HNO_3 was N , citric acid 5 g./l., and the concn. of Sb was 1-70 mg./l. The optimum conditions were found to be: $N HNO_3$ and citric acid content 5 g./l. Beer's law was applicable in the interval of 2-8 mg./l. [illegible] M. Hoch

AA-63

DIONIS'YEV, S. D.

DIONIS'YEV, S. D.= "A study of the corrosion resistance of aluminum in alkali media." Rostov na Donu State U imeni V. M. Polotov. Chair of Physical and Colloid Chemistry. Rostov na Donu, 1956. (Dissertations for the Degree of Candidate in Chemical Sciences).

JO: Knizhnaya Letopis' No. 22, 1956

SOV/137-59-3-7137

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Metallurgiya, 1959, Nr 3, p 314 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Dionis'yev, S. D., Antropov, L. I.

TITLE: The Effect of Some Additives on the Corrosion of Aluminum in
Alkaline Solutions (Deystviye nekotorykh dobavok na korroziyu alyu-
miniya v rastvorakh shchelochey)

PERIODICAL: Sb. Kom-t po korrozii i zashchite metallov Vses. sov. nauchno-
tekhn. o-v, 1957, Nr 2, pp 94-108

ABSTRACT: The authors investigated the effect of albumin, casein, and sulfite
alkalies on the corrosion of Al in alkali by gravimetric and volumet-
ric methods and by means of polarization curves. It was found that
the corrosion rate of Al in an 0.03 - 5.0-N NaOH solution is directly
proportional to the square root of the NaOH concentration. With an
increase in the concentration of NaOH the cathodic process is re-
tarded while the anodic process is accelerated. The corrosion of Al
proceeds with a mixed anode-cathode control. Additives slow down
the corrosion rate of Al through the retardation of the anodic process.
The retardation of the cathodic process is not great because the
adsorption of surface-active additives becomes improbable owing to

Card 1/2

The Effect of Some Additives on the Corrosion of Aluminum (cont.) SOV/137-59-3-7137

the shifting of the stationary potential of Al by -0.8 v in relation to the zero point. The additives investigated can be used in alkaline baths for degreasing and etching Al, but are not suitable for inhibiting the dissolution of Al in electrochemical cells. Bibliography: 18 references.

S. G.

Card 2/2

SOV/137-58-9-19605

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 9, p 211 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Dionis'yev, S.D.

TITLE: Determination of Anti-corrosive Properties of Paint-lacquer Films by the Polarization Method (Opredeleniye antikorrozionnykh svoystv lakokrasochnykh plenok polyarizatsionnym metodom)

PERIODICAL: Sb. stud. rabot. Rostovsk. un-t, 1957, Nr 3, pp 39-44

ABSTRACT: A method for determination of anticorrosive properties of paint-lacquer coatings (PC) with the aid of plotting of polarization curves is described. A special hinged device allows to regulate the distance from the tip of an agar-agar bridge to the surface of the specimen. The polarization curves were plotted on specimens with various PC, prepared on various synthetic resin bases. The following films were investigated: 1) oil-styrol lacquer (L), 2) phenol-alkide L, 3) alkide-styrol L, and 4) phenol-oil L. The thickness of PC constituted ~ 40-50 μ . The specimens were subjected to both cathodic and anodic polarization. It was established that for speeding up the tests it is advisable to subject insulated specimens to anodic

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SOV/137-58-9-19605

Determination of Anti-corrosive Properties of Paint-lacquer Films (cont.)

polarization; the polarization and, consequently, the protective properties of the alkide-styrol L are the highest, those of the phenol-oil L are the lowest. The investigation of the effect of additions of pigments to L on the polarization of insulated specimens showed that this effect is varying; pigments might either strengthen (for example in the case of phenol-oil L), or weaken (phenol-alkide L) the anticorrosive properties of L and paints.

K.G.

1. Anticorrosive coatings--Polarization 2. Anticorrosive coatings--Test results

Card 2/2

IL'YASOV, I.I.; DIONIS'YEV, S.D.; BERGMAN, A.G.

Fusibility diagram of a ternary system of potassium bromide,
cadmium bromide, and lead bromide. Zhur. neorg. khim. 5
no.3:664-667 Mr '60. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu inzhenerno-stroitel'nyy institut.
(Potassium bromide)
(Lead bromide)
(Cadmium bromide)

S/078/60/005/05/24/037
B004/B016

AUTHORS: Dionis'yev, S. D., Il'yasov, I. I., Bergman, A. G.

TITLE: The Melting-point Diagram in the Ternary System of Potassium-, Thallium-, and Lead Bromide

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal neorganicheskoy khimii, 1960, Vol. 5, No. 5, pp. 1135 - 1138

TEXT: After giving a short survey of the binary systems K_2Br_2 - Tl_2Br_2 , K_2Br_2 - $PbBr_2$, and Tl_2Br_2 - $PbBr_2$, and referring to the papers by A.P.Rostkovskiy (Ref. 2), and L. I. Favorskiy (Ref. 5), the authors report on their investigation of 14 sections (Tables 1,2, Fig. 1) of the ternary system. The resultant melting-point diagram is shown in Fig. 2, the crystallization scheme in Fig. 3. The melting-point diagram has a complicated structure owing to the formation of limited solid solutions between KBr and TlBr and stable, continuous, solid solutions between $TlBr \cdot 2PbBr_2$ and $KBr \cdot 2PbBr_2$. The phase diagram is divided into 5 phase triangles with 3 invariant points (Table 3). There are 3 figures, 3 tables, and 6 references, 5 of which are Soviet. (✓)

Card 1/2

The Melting-point Diagram in the Ternary System of
Potassium-, Thallium-, and Lead Bromide

S/078/60/005/05/24/037
B004/B016

SUBMITTED: February 10, 1959



Card 2/2

IL'YASOV, I.I.; DIONIS'YEV, S.D.; BERGMAN, A.G.

Fusibility diagram of the ternary system consisting of sodium,
thallium, and lead bromides. Zhur.neorg.khim. 6 no.6:1389-1391
Je '61. (MIRA 14:11)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu filial Vsesoyuznogo zaochnogo instituta
pishchevoy promyshlennosti.

(Systems (Chemistry)) (Bromides)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5

IL'YASOV, I.I.; CHAURSKIY, N.I.; BERGMAN, A.G.; DIONIS'YEV, S.D.

Melting diagram of the reciprocal system consisting of sodium
and cadmium bromides and iodides. Zhur.neorg.khim. 7 no.3:618-
620 Mr '62. (MIRA 15:3)
(Halides) (Systems (Chemistry))

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5"

IL'YASOV, I.I.; DIONIS'YEV, S.D.; BERGMAN, A.G.

Melting diagram of the ternary reciprocal system of cadmium
and thallium bromides and iodides. Zhur.neorg.khim. 7
no.3:625-627 Mr '62. (MIRA 15:3)
(Halides) (Systems (Chemistry))

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5

IL'YASOV, I.I.; DIONIS'YEV, S.D.; BERGMAN, A.G.

Reciprocal system consisting of bromides and iodides of potassium
and lead. Zhur. neorg. khim. 9 no.2:422-424 F'64. (MIRA 17:2)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5

IL'YASOV, I.I.; DIONIS'YEV, S.D.

System Na, Tl, Pb // I. Zhur. neorg. khim. 9 no.9:2259-2261 S '64.
(MIRA 17:11)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5

IL'YASOV, I.I., DIONIS'YEV, S.D.

System K, Cd // Br, I. Zhur. neorg. khim. 10 no.7:1681-
1632 Jl '65. (MIRA 18:8)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5"

GARNOVSKIY, A.D.; SIMONOV, A.M.; MINKIN, V.I.; DIONIS'YEV, V.D.

Transformations of systems containing an imidazole ring. Part 4:
Electron absorption spectra of N-alkyl-N'-3,4-dinitrophenyl imida-
zolum salts. Zhur. obshch. khim. 34 no.1:272-276 Ja '64. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu gosudarstvennyy universitet.

Dionizy, Krzyzaniak

Poland /Chemical Technology. Chemical Products
and Their Application

I-31

Fermentation industry

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1957, 32855

Author : Krzyzaniak Dionizy

Title : Analysis of Yeast Proliferation Curve

Orig Pub: Techn. przem. spozywcz., 1956, 5, No 7, 12-14

Abstract: A mathematical analysis is made of the theoretical and of the actual yeast proliferation curve, and the procedure of plotting these curves is described. The possible course of the process is shown graphically in the case of partial removal of the fermenting liquid, and optimal points of removal are determined.

Card 1/1

DIONYZ, Blaskovic, akademik

Perspectives of virological research. Cas. lek. cesk. 99 no.19:
596-603 6 My '60.

1. Virologicky ustav CSAV, Bratislava,
(VIRUSES)

KISELEV, T.; DIORDITSA, A.; TYNURIS, E.; CHOGOVADZE, G.; BEGMATOVA, S.; GAPUROV,
M.; KAKHAROV, A.

The entire country participates in foreign trade. Vnesh. torg. 43 no.12:
6-12 '63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Predsedatel' Soveta Ministrov Belorussskoy SSR (for Kiselev). 2. Pred-
sedatel' Soveta Ministrov Moldavskoy SSR (for Diorditsa). 3. Zamestitel'
Predsedatelya Soveta Ministrov Estonskoy SSR (for Tynuris). 4. Zamesti-
tel' Predsedatelya Soveta Ministrov Gruzinskoy SSR (for Chogovadze). 5.
Zamestitel' Predsedatelya Soveta Ministrov Kirgizskoy SSR (for Begmatova).
6. Predsedatel' Soveta Ministrov Turkmeneskoy SSR (for Gapurov). 7. Pred-
sedatel' Soveta Ministrov Tadzhikskoy SSR (for Kakharov).

DIORDITSA, A.F.; GAL'PERIN, V., red.; SHEKHTER, D., tekhn. red.

[Soviet Moldavia in the seven-year plan] Sovet'skaia Moldaviia v
semiletii. Kishinev, Gos. izd-vo "Kartia moldoveniaske," 1959. 52 p.
(MIRA 14:7)

(Moldavia--Economic conditions)

DIORDITSA, Aleksandr Filippovich; RZHEVUSKAYA, D.M., red.; ATROSHCHENKO, L.Ye., tekhn.red.

[Twenty years of the Moldavian S.S.R.] 20 let Moldavskoi SSR.
Moskva, Izd-vo "Znanie," 1960. 39 p. (Vsesoiuznoe obshchestvo po rasprostraneniuu politicheskikh i nauchnykh znanii. Ser.3, Ekonomika, no.29). (MIRA 13:10)

1. Predsedatel' Soveta ministrov Moldavskoy SSR (for Diorditsa).
(Moldavia--Economic conditions)

DIORDITSA, A.F.

For the further improvement of medical attendance for the workers
of Moldavia. Zdravookhranenie 4 no.4:5-9 Jl-Ag '61. (MIRA 14:11)

1. Predsedatel' Soveta Ministrov Moldavskoy SSR.
(MOLDAVIA--MEDICAL CARE)

USSR / Human and Animal Physiology (Normal and Pathological).
Blood.

T-4

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 13, 1958, No. 60309

Author : Diorditsa, A. G.

Inst : KISHINEV State Medical Institute

Title : Electrocardiographic Changes in Women at the End of
Pregnancy, During Delivery and Post Partum

Orig Pub : Tr. Kishinevsk. gos. med. in-ta, 1956, 5, 335-339

Abstract : In the last stages of pregnancy, in most healthy women
the EKG showed left shift, diphasic, flattened or negative
 P_3 and T_3 waves, which became normal with deep breathing.
During parturition the voltage of T_1 and T_2 waves was
somewhat lowered, indicating the adaptability of the
cardiovascular system towards an increased load. In the
last period the electric axis of the heart assumed the
usual position within a short time, the T_1 and T_2 voltage

Card 1/2

DIORDITSA, A. G., Cand Med Sci -- (diss) "Electrocardiographic changes
in women at the end of pregnancy, during ~~labor~~ and after parturition."
Kishinev, 1958. 16 pp (Kishinev State Med Inst, Chair of Faculty ^{of} ~~of~~ Therapy),
200 copies (KL, 18-58, 102)

-105-

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5

DICRDITS A.G.

STAROSTENKO, N.T.; DICRDITS A.G.

[Treatment of hypertension] Lechenie gipertenzioneskoi bolezni.
Kishinev, Gos. izd. Moldavii, 1957. 117 p.
(HYPERTENSION) (MIRA 10:11)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5"

DIORDITSA, A. G.

Some problems in the interrelation of diabetes mellitus and accompanying diseases. Zdravookhranenie 5 no.2:35-39 Mr-Ap '62.
(MIRA 15:7)

1. Iz kafedry fakul'tetskoy terapii (zav. prof. N. T. Starostenko)
Kishinevskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(DIABETES)

DIORDIYENKO, I.A.

Use of electronarcosis in clinical treatment of neurological diseases.
Zhur.nevr. i psikh. 56 no.4:333-335 '56.
(MLRA 9:7)

1. Klinika nervnykh bolezney (zav.-prof. N.N.Pyatnitskiy) Krymskogo
meditsinskogo instituta imeni I.V.Stalina.
(NERVOUS SYSTEM, diseases,
ther., electronarcosis (Rus))
(ELECTRONARCOSIS, in various diseases,
nervous system dis.(Rus))

DIORDIYENKO, I. A., Cand of Med Sci -- (diss) "Electronarcosis treatment of patients afflicted certain neural diseases." Simferopol', 1957, 15 pp (Crimean State Medical Institute im Stalin), 200 copies (KL, 3-57, 112)

DIORDIYENKO, I.A., kand.med.nauk; ZIN'KOV, M.L.

Change in fluid pressure following intravenous injection of euphyllin
and glucose. Vrach.delo no.5:535 My '59. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Kafedra nervnykh bolezney Krymskogo meditsinskogo instituta i
nevrologicheskoye otdeleniye Pervoy Simferopol'skoy gorodskoy bol'-
nitsy (nauchnyy rukovoditel' - prof. N.N. Pyatnitskiy).
(AMINOPHYLLINE) (GLUCOSE) (CEREBROSPINAL FLUID)

MILYAVSKIY, A.I., kand.med.nauk; DIORDIYENKO, M.A., ordinator

Changes in the cardiovascular system and liver in syphilitic patients during specific therapy. Vest.derm.i ven. 33 no.5:74-79 S-O '59.

(MIRA 13:2)

1. Iz kafedry kozhno-venericheskikh bolezney (zaveduyushchiy - prof. V.N. Pirlik) i kafedry fakul'tetskoy terapii (zaveduyushchiy - dotsent M.V. Kokhanovich) Krymskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni Stalina (direktor - dotsent S.I. Georgiyevskiy).

(SYPHILIS ther.)

(LIVER physiol.)

(CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM physiol.)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5

PLAKIDA, A.K., inzh.; KRAKOVICH, E.D., inzh.; DIORDIYENKO, Ya.D., inzh.

Some problems of centralized repair of electrical equipment.
Energ. i elekrotekh. prom. no.4:63-65 O-D '64.

(MIRA 18:3)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5"

DIORDIYENKO, Ya.D.

A standard technological process is a necessary condition
for a centralized repair of measuring and testing devices.
Izm.tekh. no.10:37-38 O '65.

(MIRA 18:12)

DIORDIYEV, D.F., master.

Dies for simultaneous stamping of three washers. Suggested by D.F. Diordiev. Rats. i izobr. predl. v stroi. no.15:44-45 '60.
(MIRA 13:9)

1. Remontno-mekhanicheskiy tsakh Nikolayevskogo zavoda metallokonsstruktsiy.

(Dies (Metalworking))

DIBSADI, G. : TOTH, F.

Problems connected with the tasks and sphere of authority of administrative divisions. p. 322.

Vol 7, no. 6, June 1955. PRZEGLAD PAPIERNICZY. Lodz, Poland.

So: Eastern European Accession. Vol 5, no. 4, April 1956

DIOSADY, P.

Remarks about Laszlo Wiedner and Ferenc Kolos' article "New Lining Processes."
p. 29 BÖR-ES CIPOTECHNIKA, Vol. 6, no. 2, Apr 1956.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL), Library of Congress.
Vol. 5, No. 7, July 1956.

DIOSADY, P.

Amphoteric tannins. p. 86, BOR- ES CIPOTECHNIKA (Boripari Tudomanyos Egyesulet mint a Magyar Tudomanyos Egyesuletek Szovetsegé Tagegyeslete) Budapest, Vol. 6, No. 4, Aug. 1956

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Library of Congress,
Vol. 5, No. 11, November 1956

DIOSADY, P.

HUNGARY/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their
Applications. Leather, Fur, Gelatin. Tanning
Agents. Technical Albumen.

K-7

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1958, 6745

Author : Diosady, Toth G.

Inst :

Title : Amphoteric Tanning Agents.

Orig Pub : Bor-es cipotechn., 1956, 6, No 5, 107-109

Abstract : The production of synthetic tanning agents from aniline, formaldehyde, and multi-atomic phenols is described. Insoluble resins are produced which upon treatment with a sufficient amount of HCl become fully water-soluble. The chlorohydrate of -naphthylamine reacts faster than aromatic or aliphatic amines. The reaction takes place with NH₄Cl, as well, but low molecular weight substances are produced, the pH of which is higher than that of

Card 1/2

HUNGARY/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their
Applications. Leather, Fur, Gelatin. Tanning
Agents. Technical Albumen.

K-7

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1958, 6745

the products of condensation with aromatic amines. CH_2O
is the most efficient of all aldehydes. Vegetable
tanning agents may be treated in an analogous manner
(condensation). Tanning experiments showed that the qua-
lity of the produced leathers is satisfactory.
See beginning in RZhKhim., 1957, 59665.

Card 2/2

DIOSI, P.; SIMIONESCU, V.; HENTZIU, V.; LAZAR, L.; SOIU, J.; COMPANETZ, V.;
RUSU, G.

A water-borne epidemic of *Shigella boydii* dysentery in the Barsa Region
(Burzenland). J. hyg. epidem., Praha 5 no.1:93-96 '61.

(DYSENTERY BACILLARY epidemicol)

DIOSI, P.; HENTZIU, V.; BIRT, E.; LAZAR, L.; MITREA, I.

Studies on the infection of parturient women with pathogenic staphylococci by the genital route and on the transmission of the infection to fetuses during labor. J. hyg. epidem., Praha 5 no.4:423-430 '61.

1. Centre d'Hygiene, Brasov.

(STAPHYLOCOCCAL INFECTION in pregn)
(LABOR compl) (INFANT NEWBORN infect)

DIOSI, P.; HENTIU, V.; GEORGESCU, C.; MITREA, I.

Chemosensitive research on pathogen staphylococcal strains isolated
from cow's milk. Microbiologia (Bucur) 6 no.1:58-59 Ja-F '61.

DIOSI, P.; HENTIU, V.; BIRT, E.; LAZAR, L.; MITREA, I.

Research on the contamination of the parturient with pathogen staphylococci by way of the genitals and transmission of the infection to the fetus during labor. *Microbiologia* (Bucur) 6 no.1:64 Ja-F '61.

*

DIOSI, P.; HENTIU, V.; BIRT, E.; GEORGESCU, C.; MARIN, E.; STEFANESCU, C.

Statistical and bacteriological studies connected with a widespread epidemic of intrahospital pathogen staphylococcal infections. Microbiologia (Bucur) 6 no.1:65 Ja-F '61.

DIOSI, P.; HENTIU, V.; BIRT, E.; MITREA, I.; STEFANESCU, C.

Epidemiological considerations related to the staphylococcal infection observed in a closed group of children. Microbiologia (Bucur) 6 no.1: 65-66 Ja-F '61.

Diolei P.
SURNAME, Given Names

Country: Romania

Academic Degrees:

Affiliation: *)

Source: Bucharest, Microbiologie, Parazitologia, Epidemiologia, Vol VI,
No 4, July-Aug 1961, pp 241-245

Data: "Food Toxic Infections Caused by Escherichia coli."

Authors:

HENIU, Valeria, -Dr.-

DIOSI, P., #Dr.-

*) Work performed at the Regional (Sanepid) (Sanepidul Regional),
Brasov.
(Epidemiology Sanatorium)

6PC 981643 10/

DIOSI, P., dr.; BRAN, Gh., dr.; STOCICANESCU, A., asist. tehn.

Research on the incidence of the cytomegalic infection in some species of animals. Microbiologia (Bucur) 9 no. 5:425-430 S-0 '64

1. Lucrare efectuata in Institutul de igiena si sanatate publica, Timisoara (director: conf. E. Andriescu).

DIOSI, P., dr.; POPOVICI, S., dr.; SZIGETI, M., dr.; MARUIA, L., dr.

Observations on a case of generalized cytomegalic infection in
a stillborn infant. *Pediatria (Bucur)* 14 no.2:143-147 Mr-Ap'65.

1. Lucrare efectuata la Institutul de igiena si sanatate publica
din Timisoara si Spitalul unificat din Resita.

L 31827-66 T JK

ACC NR: AP6021179

SOURCE CODE: RU/0026/65/016/005/0409/0413

AUTHOR: Diosi, P.; Nevinglovschi, Olimpia; Babusceac-Plavosin, Livia

21

ORG: none

B

TITLE: Comparative study concerning the cytopathic effect induced by cytomegalic and herpetic viruses on human embryo cell cultures

SOURCE: Studii si cercetari de inframicrobiologie, v. 16, no. 5, 1965, 409-413

TOPIC TAGS: virus, man, morphology, cytology, diagnostic medicine

ABSTRACT: The authors report that the morphologic changes caused by human cytomegalic virus and by herpetic viruses in human embryo cell cultures in liquid media show distinctive characteristics which permit differentiation of their cytopathic effect. The changes also permit an early tentative diagnosis. Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 1 table. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 002 / OTH REF: 018

Card 1/1mc

UDC: 576.8.093.35:576.858.13

DIOSSY, Imre

Measurement of ground-water temperature. Hidrologiai kozlony
42 no.3:201-204 Jl '62.

1. Vizgazdalkodasi Tudomanyos Kutato Intezet, Budapest.

H U N G

43. Ventilation of industrial plants with air jets -- K.
Jönköping (Erlägelse) -- Vol. 3, 1954, No. 7-8, pp.
T 57-167, 10 figs., 3 tabs.)

The properties of air jets, the principles applied in their utilization for ventilation, the difference between air jets of circular and square cross section as well as their properties are described. Flow of air jets and the volume of air drawn off from the surroundings as a consequence of the flow are dealt with. The suction effect of the jet may be expressed as a function of the shape and velocity of the jet. Tables are furnished by means of which the type and dimensions of the jet best suited for economical operation may be established. Calculations are illustrated by examples. The technical and economical advantages of air jet ventilation are given in detail.

DIOSSY, Kalman

Graphic method for the determination of gear stages of multiplying change gears and the number of pertinent cogs with special regard to the requirements of agricultural machinery. Jarmu mezo gep 4 no.6:269-282 D '57.

DIOSSZILAGYI, G.
WALTNER, K.; DIOSSZILAGYI, G.; KOITAY, M.

Prophylaxis and therapy of interstitial pneumonia. Orv. hetil. 94 no.
35:962-966 30 Aug 1953. (CIML 25:5)

1. Doctors. 2. Children's Clinic (Director -- Prof. Dr. Karoly Waltner),
Szeged Medical University.

KOLTAY, Miklos, dr.; DIOSSZILAGYI, Gertrud, dr.; TOROK, Janos, dr.

The significance of the cell inclusions with special reference to
the interstitial pneumonia. Orv. hetil. 95 no.46:1255-1262 14 Nov 54.

1. A. Szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Gyermekklinika Janak (igazgato:
Waltner Karoly, dr. egyet. tanar) korlemenye.

(PNEUMONIA, in inf. & child
interstitial, cell inclusions in newborn, histol.)

(VIRUS DISEASES
inclusion dis. in interstitial pneumonia in premature
& newborn, histol.)

BODROGI, Gyorgy, dr.; DIOSSZILAGYI, Gertrud, dr.; VILAGI, Gyula, dr.

Mechanical alternating pulse. Magy. belorv. arch. 16 no.1:46-52 Mr
'63.

1. Ifjusagi Szivbeteggondozo Intezet, Budapest.
(PULSE) (HEART ENLARGEMENT) (ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY) (REST)
(DIGITALIS) (PHONOCARDIOGRAPHY) (BALLISTOCARDIOGRAPHY)

HUNGARY

BODROGI, Gyorgy, Dr, DIOSSZILAGYI, Gertrud, Dr, GYARFAS, Ivan, Dr, KALMAN, Peter, Dr, VILAGI, Gyula, Dr; Institute for the Care of Young Cardiac Patients, Medical University of Budapest, IV. Medical Clinic, National Cardiological Institute (Ifjusagi Szivbeteggondozo Intezet, Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem, IV. Belklinika, Orszagos Kardiologial Intezet).

"Double Tone Reception."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 104, No 30, 28 July 63, pages 1413-1415.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary] The authors stress that the Synchron double reception is extremely helpful in the indication of timing and in diagnosis. Differentiation of the tone-factors is usually done easily. The transport of murmurs is recognized with more certainty than with auscultation. The method differentiates well between systolic murmurs above the large vessels due to stenosis and systolic murmurs originating in the atrioventricular level due to regurgitation. This is especially useful in cases of arrhythmia. In cases of combined heart disease, the method can be used in the evaluation of the extent of the disorder in individual valves.
3 Hungarian, 4 Western references.

1/1

20

BODROGI, Gyorgy, dr.; DIOSSZALGYI, Gertrud, dr.; KOCSIS, Klara, dr.

Electrocardiographic changes in rheumatic heart disease.
Orv. hetil. 105 no. 108451-454 10 Mr'64.

1. Kozponti Ifjusagi Szivbeteggondozo Intezet, Budapest.

*

BODROGI, Gyorgy, dr.; DIOSSZILAGYI, Gertrud, dr.

Difficulties and guides for the diagnosis of mitral insufficiency.
Orv. hetil. 106 no.28:1313-1316 11 Jl '65.

1. Kozponti Ifjusagi Szivbeteggondozo Intezet (igazgato: Bodrogi,
Gyorgy, dr.).

Cardiology

HUNGARY

BODROGI, Gyorgy, Dr., DIOSSZILAGYI, Gertrud, Dr., GYARFAS, Ivan, Dr., KALMAN, Peter, Dr., and VILAGI, Gyula, Dr., Central Institute for the Care of Juvenile Cardiac Patients (Kozponti Ifjusagi Szivbeteggondozó Intezet)[location not given](Physician-in-Chief, Director: BODROGI, Gyorgy, Dr.).

"The Value of Dual Sound-Recordings in Practice"

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 107, No 29, 17 Jul 1966, pp 1354-1356.

Abstract: The usefulness of double phonocardiograms, taken by the method described by the authors Ibid., Vol 104, 1963, p 1413, was discussed on the basis of three year's experience in using the technique. It was found that the method may be of especial usefulness in recognizing the early systolic click and the diastolic noise caused by mild aorta regurgitation. In some other situations the dual recording may clarify phenomena that are masked or misleading in cases of direct listening or single recording. 16 references, including 3 Hungarian, 1 Czechoslovak, and 12 Western.

1/1

ISSEKUTZ, B., Jr.; LICHTNECKER, I.; HETENYI, G., Jr.; GASPAR-NEMETH, Z.; DIOGY, A.

Tissue metabolism and peripheral circulation. III. Effect of fluoracetic acid on the metabolism and circulation of muscles in vivo. Acta physiol. hung. 2 no.3-4:391-401 1951.
(CML 22:1)

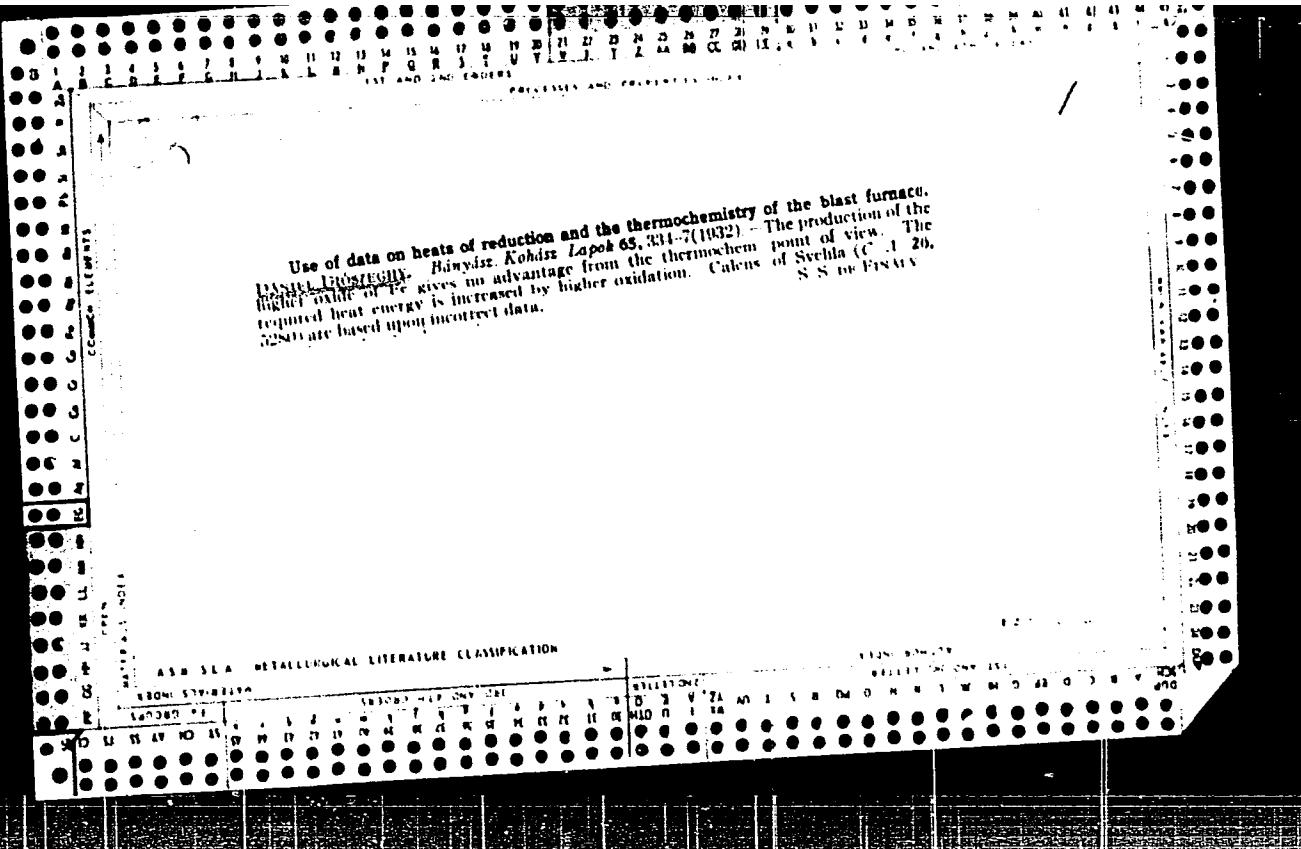
1. Of the Institute of Physiology of Szeged University.

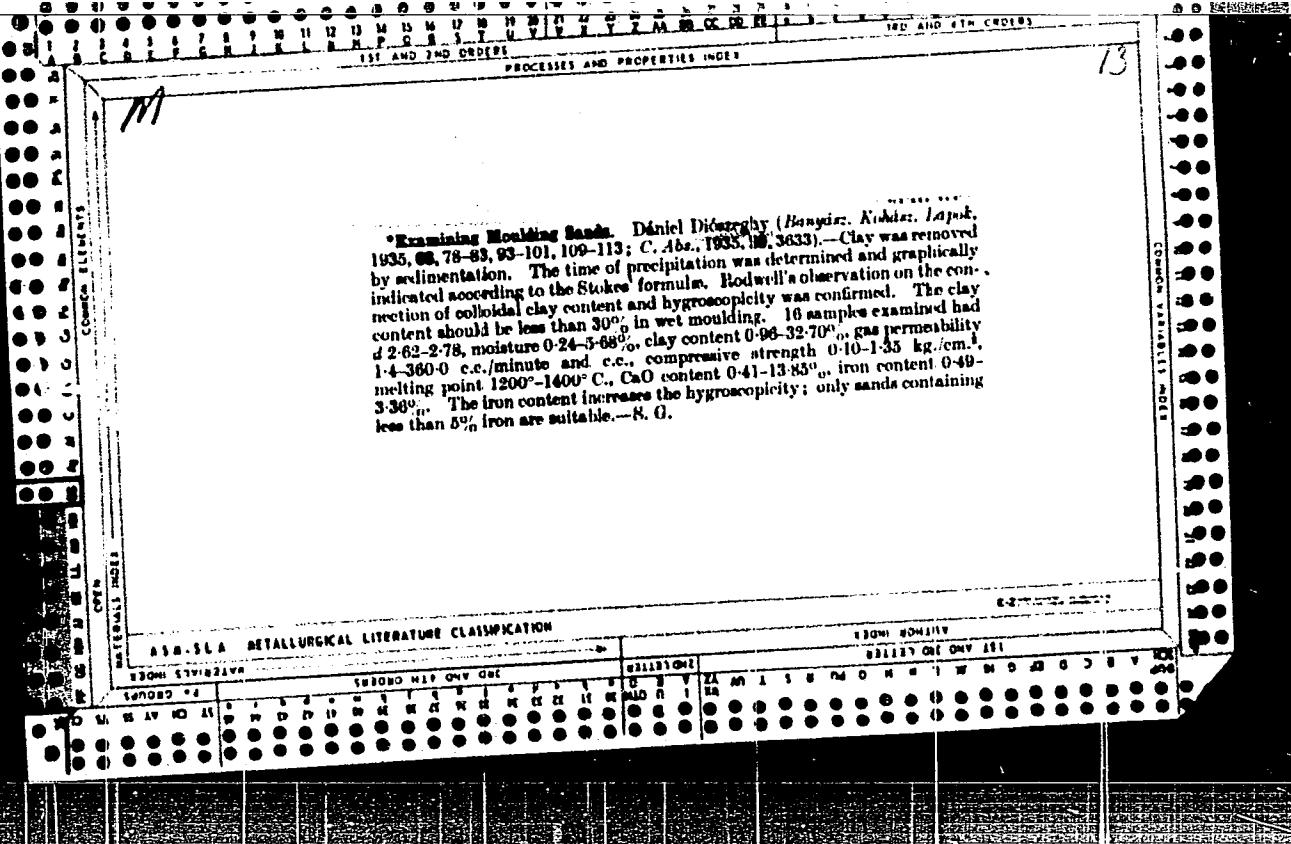
ISSAKUTZ, B., Jr.; LICHTNECKER, I.; GASPAR-NEMETH, Z.; HINTENYI, G., Jr.; DIOSY, A.;
PALKO, G.
(CLM 1227)

Tissue metabolism and peripheral circulation. IV. Factors affecting local
vascular responses. Acta physiol. hung. 2 no.3-4:403-413 1951 (CIMI 22:1)

l. Of the Institute of Physiology of Szeged University.

Use of data on heats of reduction and the thermochemistry of the blast furnace.
DANIEL TUDOROVSKY. Bányász Kohíz Lapok 65, 334-7 (1932). - The production of the higher oxide of Fe gives no advantage from the thermochemical point of view. The required heat energy is increased by higher oxidation. Calanus of Svetla (C. A. 20, 7283) are based upon incorrect data. S. S. de FAYOL



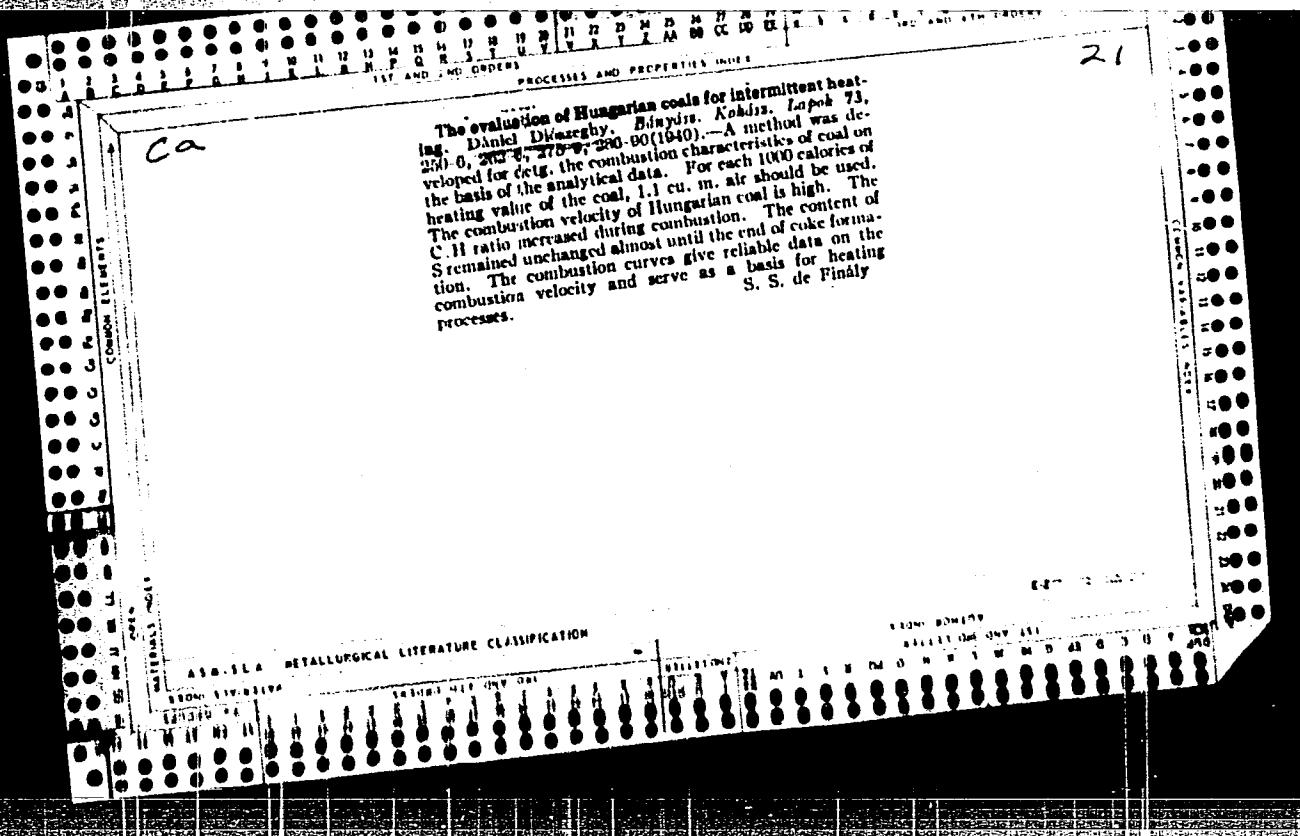


The Influence of the Moulding Material on the Surface and Structure of Cast Iron. D. Ditszeghy. (Royal Hungarian Palatine-Joseph University of Technical and Economic Sciences, Publications of the Department of Mining and Metallurgy, 1936, vol. 8, pp. 301-310). Several Hungarian moulding sands were examined to determine (a) how the pure sand behaved during casting, (b) what effect was exerted by the addition of coal dust, and (c) how the microstructure of the cast iron was affected by the moulding material. As the molten cast iron has not only thermal but also a chemical effect on the sand, the refractoriness of the latter cannot well be determined by comparison with Seger cones, or by the results of an examination in the tube furnace, and the author recommends a casting test for this purpose. The melting point as determined in the tube furnace did not correspond with the

(cont'd)

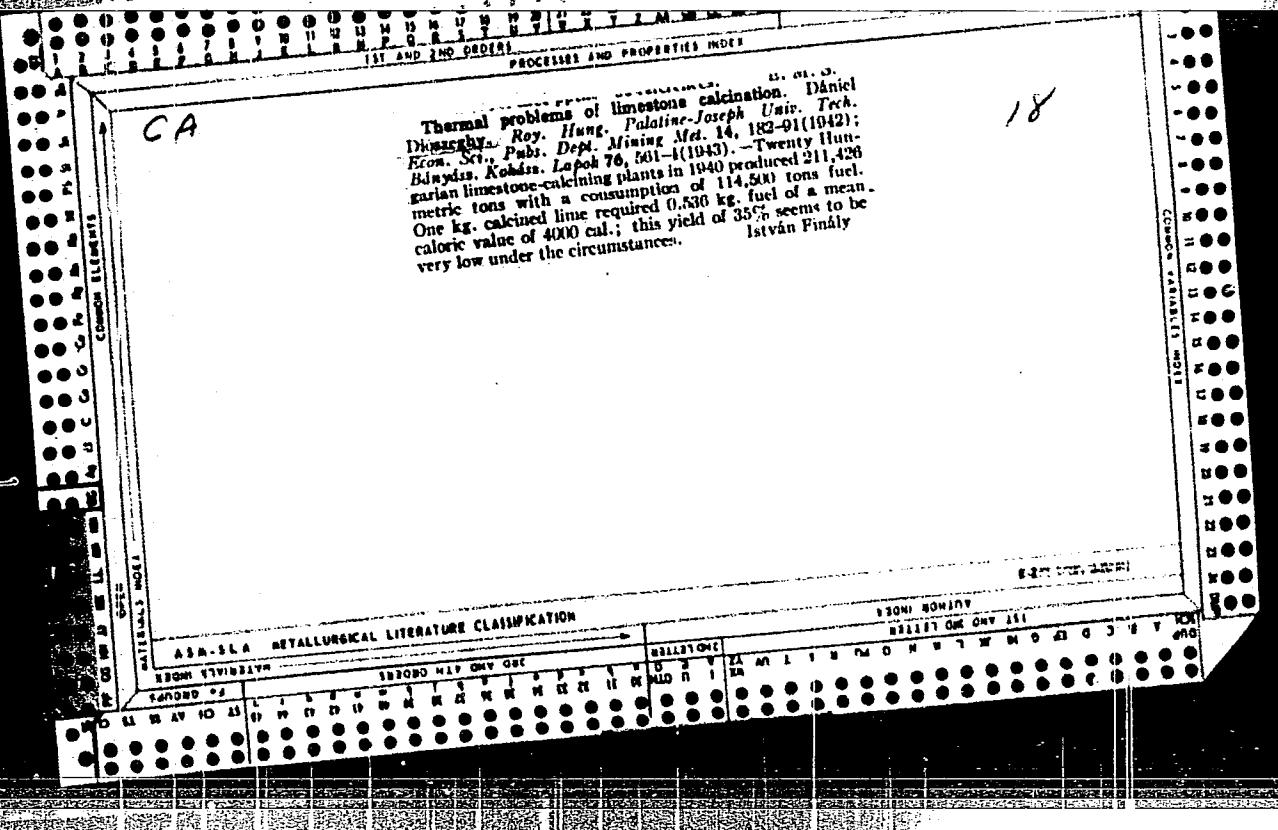
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refractoriness of the sand in the casting test; it was noticeable that when the sand contained more than 15% of calcium carbonate, the surface of the cast metal remained clean; this was due to the endothermic character of the decomposition of CaCO_3 into CaO and to the pressure of the CO_2 gas evolved, which prevented pitting. When coal dust is added to the sand, not only is a gas layer formed round the sand grains during casting, but their surfaces are coated with products of the distillation of the coal dust. The sulphur content of the coal is not harmful to the casting, but insufficient mixing of the sand and coal dust gives rise to pits on the surface of the casting. With cast iron containing much carbon and silicon differences in the rates of cooling caused by the use of different moulding materials caused variations in the microstructure of the metal. Thus, the outer zone of iron cast in a lime-rich sand mould contained more pearlite than that of an iron cast in a low-lime sand to which coal dust had been added. The cleaning of castings diminishes the outer pearlitic ozone, which is wear-resistant, and consequently the endeavour must be made to produce clean castings. The tests reported in this paper were made with sands and coal dust of Hungarian origin.



Thermal problems of limestone calcination. Dániel Bányász, Kádár, Lapolcák. *Roy. Hung. Palatine-Joseph Univ. Econ. Sci., Publ. Dept. Mining Met.* 14, 182-91 (1942); *Balványos, Kézdis, Lapolcák* 76, 501-4 (1943). - Twenty Hungarian limestone-calcining plants in 1940 produced 211,426 metric tons with a consumption of 114,500 tons fuel. One kg. calcined lime required 0.536 kg. fuel of a mean calorific value of 4000 cal.; this yield of 35% seems to be very low under the circumstances. István Pintálly

18



CA

The role of streaming in combustion. Daniel Biesszeghy.
Rozwiaz. Koksige Lafok 83, 318-28 (1950). v. 7, p. 45.
Sziklai. General summary of principles. During actual
gasification the flow of the carbonizing medium exerts a
significant influence on the compro. and amount of the gas
produced. The efficiency can be increased by decreasing
the resistance of the coal layer or increasing the pressure
applied. The resistance of the coal layer depends partly
on the grain size and distribution of the coal and partly on
its behavior during gasification. The reactivity of coal
plays a secondary role; physical properties have a greater
influence on gasification effects. For the study of under-
ground gasification processes a special gasifying chamber
was constructed. Three types of coal: (1) contg. H₁₀ 7,
ash 32, and C 40%; (2) H₁₀ 50.1, ash 15.0, and C 33.2%;
and (3) H₁₀ 11.5, ash 8.1, C 57.0% were gasified in this
chamber by treating 30 X 30 cm. blocks of coal at 900
1000° with 145 l/min. air as a surface gasifying agent.
Coal (1) could be gasified only by O-enriched air, coal (2)
was gasified easier but it collapsed, and coal (3) retained
its form even after carbonization. Istvan Fialy.

HUNGARY / Physical Chemistry. Kinetics. Explosions. Topochemistry. Catalysis.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 20, 1959, 70785.

Author : Dioszeghy, D.

Inst : Not given.

Title : The Part Played by Ozone in Combustion Processes.

Orig Pub: Nchezipari musz. eqyet. kozl., 1957, No 1, 117-122.

Abstract: The part played by O₃ in the cold oxidation of coal and in the speed of fuel combustion has been studied. -- N. Krishtofori.

Card 1/1

23

VIDA, Miklos; KORANYI, Gyorgy, dr.; SZILAGYI, Antal; DESTEK, Endre;
FERENCZ, Mihaly; DITZ, Erno; DIKSZEGHY, Daniel, dr.; SCHUNK, Rudolf;
SIKLOSI, Jozsef; RETEZAR, Arpad

Research, planning, and education in the gas industry. Energia es
atom 13 no.3:112-116 Mr '60.

DIOSZEGHY, Daniel, Dr., egyetemi tanar.

News from the Research Station for Heat Engineering of the
Ministry of Metallurgical and Machine Industries. Ipari
energia 2 no.1/2:16-17 Ja-F '61.

1. Igazgato, Koho es Gepipari Miniszterium Hitechnikai
Kutato Allomas.

DIOSZEGHY, Daniel (Miskolc)

Tasks for the Research Station of Thermotechnics at Miskolc. Kem
tud kozl MTA 15 no.3:397-399 '61.

1. Koho- es Gepipari Miniszterium Hotechnikai Kutatoallomasa, Miskolc,
Nehezipari Muszaki Egyetem.

(Hungary—Heat engineering)

KORANYI, Gyorgy, dr.; GYULAY, Zoltan, egyetemi tanar; DIOSZEGHY, Daniel,
egyetemi tanar; WAHLNER, Aladar, fomernok; VAMCS, Endre, kandidatus;
NYIL, Gyula, kandidatus; FREUND, Mihaly, dr., akademikus; SZADECZKY
KARDOSS, Elemer, akademikus; TAKACS, Pal, dr., kandidatus; SCHLATTNER,
Jeno, kandidatus; HARDY, Gyula, a kemiai tudomanyok kandidatusa

Report on the 1959-60 work of the Committee on Petroleum and Coal
Processing, Hungarian Academy of Sciences. Kem tud kozl MTA 16 no.3:
349-359 '61.

DIOSZEGHY, Daniel, dr.; DOJCSAK, Janos; PENTEK, Istvan; FARKAS, Ottone

Comparative analysis of the small forge furnace with permeable walls.
(To be contd.). Koh lap 93 no.5:226-231 My '60.

1. Hitechnikai Kutato Allomas.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5

DIOSZEGHY, Daniel, dr.; DOJCSAK, Janos; PENTEK, Istvan; FARKAS, Ottone

Comparative analysis of the small forge furnace with permeable walls.
KOM 1959 93 no.6:283-286 Je '60.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5"

DIOSZEGHY, Daniel, dr., prof.; RAPP, Tamas; SZAVA, Nandor; BENEDEK, Laszlo; HORVATH, Mihaly; GREGUSS, Pal, dr. (Jr); UNGUREANU, Cornel (Temesvar, Roman Nep' ztarsasag); CSORBA, Tamas; SZABOLCS, Gabor; KABLITZ, Richard (Lauda-Baden, Nemet Szovjetseggi Koztarsasag); GYULAY, Alajos; LUZSA, Istvan; KOSZTOLANYI, Lajos

Technical and economic questions relating to oil utilization.
Ipari energia 3 no. 1/2:4-8 Ja-F '62.

1. Hitechnikai Kutato Intezet (for Csorba and Szabolcs).
2. VEGYTERV (for Gyulay). 3. EROTERV (for Luzsa). 4. Orszagos Kolaj-es Gazipari Troszt (for Kosztolanyi).

DIOSZEGHY, Daniel, egyetemi tanar

Organization of the Thermotechnical Research Station of the
Ministry of Metallurgic and Machine Industries and its role
in the structure of the Hungarian national economy. Borsod
szemle 6 no. 4:7-9 '62.

1. Hitechnikai Kutatoallomas igazgatoja.

SZUCS, Miklos, dr., a kemial tudomanyok kandidatusa; SZASZ Frigyes; BUNYITAI, Janos, dr.; RANAS Jozsef; ZACHEMSZKY, Ferenc; GULDEN, Otto; TERNYAK, Beno; BENKOVIC, Jozsef; DIOSZEGHY, Daniel, prof., dr.; TOTH, Istvan.

Questions of vocational education pertaining to the gas industry. Energia es atom 17 no.1:7-11 Ja'64.

1. Fovarosi Gazmuvek (for Szucs); 2. Orszagos Koolaj- es Gazipari Troszt (for Szasz and Bunyitai). 3. Miskolci Nehezipari Muszaki Egyetem (for Dioszeghy). 4. Veszpremi Vegyipari Muszaki Egyetem (for Toth).

KISS, Lorant, okleveles gepeszmernok; CSERNAVOLGYI, Laszlo; HAJDU, Istvan; BENKOVICS, Jozsef; TERNYAK, Beno; SOSKUTI, Andras; TOROK, Mihaly, dr.; SZASZ Frigyes; GATI, Geza; KOVACS, Lajos; DEHENES, Zoltan; MAGYAR, Laszlo; KOVACS, Gyula; AUERSWALD, Janos; SOS, Janos; DIOSZEGHY, Daniel, prof.

Manufacture and use of gas appliances. Energia es atom 17 no.1:
30-35 Ja'64.

1. Lampagyar (for Kiss).
2. Vegterv (for Csernavolgyi).
3. Orszagos Koolaj- es Gazipari Troszt (for Hajdu, Szasz, Auerswald).
4. Pecsi Gazszolgaltato Vallalat (for Benkovics).
5. Asvanyolaj-forgalmi Vallalat (for Ternyak, Soskuti).
6. Epitesugyi Miniszterium Iparterv Muszaki Osztaly (for Torok).
7. Orszagos Villamosenergia Felugyelet (for Gati).
8. Epitesugyi Miniszterium (for Lajos Kovacs).
9. Gazkeszulekgyarto Vallalat (for Dehenes).
10. Epitestudomayi Intezet (for Gyula Kovacs).

HARASZTI, Antal, dr.,; DIOSZEKY, Gyorgy, dr.

Vaginal metastases of clear-cell carcinoma of the kidney.
Orv. hetil. 96 no.24:665-666 12 June 55.

1. A Debreceni Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Korbonctani Intezetenek
(mb. vezeto: Naby Andras dr.) es a Debreceni 4.sz. Honvedkorhaz
Urologiai Osztalyanak keszlemenye.

(KIDNEYS, neoplasms,
metastases to vagina)

(VAGINA, neoplasms,
metastases from kidneys)

HUNGARY

KUDASZ, Jozsef, Dr, SOLTESZ, Lajos, Dr, HUSVETI, Sandor, Dr, DICSZECHY,
Gyorgy, Dr, KUCSAR, Andor, Dr; Medical University of Budapest, IV. Surgical
Clinic (director: KUDASZ, Jozsef, Dr) (Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem, IV.
Sebeszeti Klinika).

"Surgical Treatment of Renovascular Hypertension."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 105, No 10, 5 Mar 67, pages 441-448.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary] The possibilities of surgical treatment in cases of renovascular hypertension are surveyed. Two operated cases are described. In one of these, revascularization of the kidney was unsuccessful and nephrectomy was performed with a subsequent normalization of the hypertension. In the second case, the narrowing of the renal artery was corrected by endarterectomy and local plastic surgery. In addition to the normalization of blood pressure, a considerable improvement in renal function was also demonstrated in this case. 3 Eastern European, 22 Western references.

1/1

DIOSZEGI, Z.

"Importance of Mutual Competition Among Railroad Lines in the Handling of Autumn Railway Traffic." p. 399, (DOZLEKEDESTUDOMANYI SZEMLE, Vol. 3, no. 11/12, Nov./Dec. 1953, Budapest, Hungary)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, LC, Vol. 3, No. 5, May 1954/Unclassified

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5

MATE, Sandor; DIKSZEGI, Zoltan, dr.

Objectives of railroad directorates in work competition.
Vasut 12 no.11:6-8 26 N '62.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/12/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410420014-5"

DIOSZEGHY, Zoltan, dr.

Efficiency of the more important objectives of the Hungarian
State Railways and some questions of its analysis. Vasut 14 no.12:
1-2 D '64.

POLAND / Human and Animal Physiology (Normal and Pathological).
Metabolism.

T-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 13, 1958, No. 59990

Author : Diotl. B.

Inst : State Institute of Hygiene

Title : The Axorophthol Level in the Rat Serum and Liver in the
Course of A Avitaminosis and During Treatment

Orig Pub : Roczn. Panstw. zakl. hig., 1957, 8, No 3, 253-263

Abstract : In rats receiving in the course of three weeks a vitamin
A-free diet, the decrease of vitamin A and its dis-
appearance within the subsequent seven days was clearly
obsorved. With an A content of 0.0 - 12.7 mcg.% in the
blood, none was found in the liver. It is assumed that a
considerable decrease of A in the blood occurs after the
liver storage has been completoly depleted. A daily dose
of A, equal to 1 mcg. maintained its blood level at

Card 1/2

11

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(MLRA 9:2)

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(Stalinogorsk--Coal miners) (Moscow Basin--Coal mines and mining)

DIPONT, M.

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1953. (CIML 24:3)

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M. D.) of Warsaw Medical Academy. 2. Dissertation for Doctor's Degree.

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Warszawie. Kierownik: doc. dr med. Małgorzata Bulska.
(PREGNANCY, complications,
uterus atrophy)
(UTERUS, diseases,
atrophy in pregn.)
(ATROPHY,
uterus, in pregn.)